

STD: II

EVERWIN VIDHYASHRAM
GRAMMAR NOL
PA: 1

April

Present Tense

Past Tense

- | | |
|----------|--------|
| 1. Walk | Walked |
| 2. Wear | Wore |
| 3. Hold | Held |
| 4. Say | Said |
| 5. Want | Wanted |
| 6. Take | Took |
| 7. Come | Came |
| 8. Can | Could |
| 9. Blow | Blew |
| 10. Give | Gave |

Vowels

1. What are Vowels?

Ans: Vowels are sounds that help make words. They are a, e, i, o, u

NOUNS

June

1. What is a Noun?

Ans: A noun names a person, place, animal or thing.

ARTICLES

1. What are articles?

Ans: A, An, The are called articles.

COMPOSITION (PA-1) PUNCTUALITY

1. Punctuality is a habit of doing things on time.
2. Punctual people never waste their time.

3. A punctual person knows well to manage and respect his/her time.
4. This quality must be developed from the childhood.
5. Punctuality is the key to success.

PA-2

July

Present Tense

Past Tense

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| 1. Climb | Climbed |
| 2. Crash | Crashed |
| 3. Pull | Pulled |
| 4. Sit | Sat |
| 5. Grow | Grew |
| 6. Fly | Flew |
| 7. See | Saw |
| 8. Is | Was |
| 9. Worry | Worried |
| 10. Hear | Heard |

ADJECTIVES

1. What is an adjective?

Ans: The word that describes a noun is called an adjective.

SENTENCES

2. What is a sentence?

Ans: A group of words that makes complete sense is called a sentence.

COMPOSITION (PA-2)

VALUE OF READING

1. Reading is one of the most important and priceless activities.
2. Reading keeps our mind active and healthy.
3. It develops positive thinking.
4. Reading increases creativity.
5. Reading is the most fruitful way to use time.

HALF YEARLY ASSESSMENT

August

Present Tense

Past Tense

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| 1. Fall | Fell |
| 2. Go | Went |
| 3. Meet | Met |
| 4. Tell | Told |
| 5. Find | Found |
| 6. Live | Lived |
| 7. Make | Made |
| 8. Visit | Visited |
| 9. Think | Thought |
| 10. Treat | Treated |

VERB

1. What are verbs?

Ans: Verbs are words that state actions which show what someone or something does.

COMPOSITION (HYA)

SAVE TREES

1. Trees are the beautiful creation of mother nature.

2. Trees give us oxygen to breathe.
3. Without trees, life on Earth is impossible.
4. Trees provide a very peaceful and clean environment.
5. So let us save trees and save nature.

PA 3

October

Present Tense

Past Tense

- | | |
|------------|---------|
| 1. Agree | Agreed |
| 2. Touch | Touched |
| 3. Order | Ordered |
| 4. Sleep | Slept |
| 5. Shout | Shouted |
| 6. Look | Looked |
| 7. Wake | Woke |
| 8. Jump | Jumped |
| 9. Draw | Drew |
| 10. Puzzle | Puzzled |

CONJUNCTIONS

1. What are conjunctions? Give examples.

Ans: Joining words are called conjunctions. Eg. but, and, or.

PRONOUNS

1. What is a pronoun?

Ans: A pronoun is a word that takes the place of a noun or nouns in a sentence.

PREPOSITIONS

1. What are prepositions?

Ans: Prepositions are words that show location, time and direction.

COMPOSITION (PA-3)

DR.A.P.J ABDUL KALAM

1. Dr.A.P.J. Abdul kalam was born on 15th October, 1931.
2. He was a scientist and an aerospace engineer.
3. He was popularly known as “Missile Man of India”.
4. He later served as the 11th President of India.
5. He died on 27th July, 2015.

November

PA-4

Present Tense	Past Tense
1. Work	Worked
2. Carry	Carried
3. Smile	Smiled
4. Try	Tried
5. Become	Became
6. Reply	Replied
7. Join	Joined
8. Know	Knew
9. Sing	Sang
10. Run	Ran.

COMPOSITION (PA-4)

India – Our Country

1. India is a country of 29 states and 7 union territories.
2. New Delhi is the capital of India
3. English and Hindi are the two main official languages of the country.
4. India is the 7th largest country in the world.
5. It has different languages and cultures.

YEARLY ASSESSMENT

January

Present Tense

Past Tense

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1. Cook | Cooked |
| 2. Start | Started |
| 3. Feel | Felt |
| 4. Follow | Followed |
| 5. Eat | Ate |
| 6. Do | Did |
| 7. Play | Played |
| 8. Arrive | Arrived |
| 9. Begin | Began |
| 10. Laugh | Laughed. |

ADVERB

February

1. What is an adverb?

Ans: An adverb tells us how, when and where the action takes place.

LETTER WRITING

Write a letter to your class teacher asking for leave.

Date:

From,

Everwin _____

Chennai – _____

To,

The Class Teacher,

Everwin _____

Chennai – _____

Respected Madam,

As I am running high temperature, I am unable to come to school. So, I request you to kindly accept my absence and grant me leave for three days _____ to _____.

Thanking You,

Yours obediently,

_____.

