

EVERWIN VIDHYASHRAM

STD: III

GRAMMAR (TERM II)

TENSES

1. What are tenses?

Ans. Tenses are forms of a verb that shows an action during different periods of time.

ADVERBS

1. What are adverbs?

Ans. Adverbs tell us more about verbs.

2. Write any 3 types of adverbs with examples.

Ans. 1. Adverbs of manner – Softly, Loudly

2. Adverbs of time – Everyday, Daily

3. Adverbs of place – Inside, Upstairs

PREPOSITIONS

1. What are prepositions?

Ans. Prepositions shows the position of a noun in relation to the other words in a sentence.

2. Give some examples of prepositions.

Ans. Between, over, beside, in front of, on, behind, etc. are examples of prepositions.

PUNCTUATION

1. What do punctuation marks tell us?

Ans. Punctuation marks tell us where to pause, where to stop and how to start a sentence.

2. Name any 5 punctuation marks.

Ans. 1. Capital letter (A)

2. Full stop (.)

3. Question mark (?)

4. Exclamation mark (!)

5. Comma (,)

CONJUNCTIONS

1. What are conjunctions?

Ans. Conjunctions are words that join two words, group of words or sentences.

2. Write few conjunctions.

Ans. And, but, or, because, so, etc. are conjunctions.

REPORTED SPEECH

1. What is reported speech?

Ans. Reported speech means to report what somebody has said to someone else.

2. What is direct speech?

Ans. When we state the exact words of a speaker, it is called direct speech.

PARTS OF SPEECH

1. Write the 8 parts of speech.

Ans. 1. Noun

2. Pronoun

3. Adjective

4. Verb

5. Adverb

6. Preposition

7. Conjunction

8. Interjection

EVERWIN VIDHYASHRAM

STD: III

LITERATURE

LESSON – 5 TAPODUTTA

1. Write the summary of 'Tapodutta'.

Tapodutta was a lazy boy. He did Tapasya thinking that god will bless him and give some knowledge. Lord Indra wanted to teach him some facts. He dressed as a hermit and began to build a bridge across the river Ganga with grains of sand, saying that if knowledge could be achieved by praying then a bridge could also be built with sand. He realized his mistake and soon became one of the most learned man ever.

LESSON – 6 THE DUCK AND THE KANGAROO

MCQ

1. The duck requested the kangaroo to take for a _____

- a. Ride b. round c. walk

2. The duck praises the kangaroo about the way he _____

- A. Jumps b. Hops c. Runs

LITTLE BY LITTLE

I. Reference to context

1. Downward it sent out a thread-like root;

Up in the air sprung a tiny shoot.

a. How was the root?

Ans. The root was like a thread.

b. What was up in the air?

Ans. A tiny shoot sprung up in the air.

2. And the slender branches spread far and wide,

Till the mighty oak is the forest's pride.

a. How did the branches spread?

Ans. The branches spread far and wide.

b. What was the mighty oak?

Ans. The mighty oak was the forest's pride.

LESSON – 7 HOW AKBAR MET BIRBAL

1. Write the summary of, 'How Akbar met Birbal'.

Emperor Akbar loved hunting. One day while chasing a tiger Akbar and his courtiers lost their way. Just,, then they saw a young man coming towards them. He asked him the road to Agra. The young man replied that people travel, not the roads. Everybody was shocked at the young man's audacity.

Later he became Akbar's favourite courtier and was named Birbal by the Emperor.

LESSON 9 A SMILE COMES BACK

MCQ

1. The explorer went to a deep jungle in _____
 - a. Australia
 - b. Tribes
 - c. Africa
2. The _____ lived in the jungle.
 - a. Villagers
 - b. Tribes
 - c. Foreigners
3. The explorer bought some books, sweets, gifts and two big _____
 - a. Mirrors
 - b. Bags
 - c. Basket
4. The explorer said to the chief, "If we are _____, goodness will come back to us."
 - a. Bad
 - b. Good
 - c. Lazy
5. The tribe hit the mirror with his _____ and broke it into pieces.
 - a. Axe
 - b. Spear
 - c. Spade

a. Where did the leaves sleep?

Ans. The leaves slept in their earthy beds.

b. What did the snow lay over their heads?

Ans. The snow laid a soft mantle over their heads.

THE WIND AND THE LEAVES

Reference to context

1. "Come, little leaves" said the wind one day,

Come over the meadows with me, and play;

a. Who called the leaves?

Ans. The wind called the leaves.

b. Which poem does these lines belong to?

Ans. These lines belong to the poem "The wind and the leaves".

2. Soon fast asleep I their earthy beds,

The snow laid a soft mantle over their heads.